

**We claim:**

1. A method for maximizing the throughput of Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (“TCP/IP”) data comprising the steps of:
  - estimating delay and rate variances associated with at least one wireless link;
  - modifying a receive window value of an acknowledgment packet; and
  - transmitting a modified acknowledgment packet containing the modified receive window value to a source of TCP/IP data.
  
2. The method as in claim 1 further comprising the steps of:
  - receiving the modified acknowledgement packet;
  - comparing the receive window value within the modified acknowledgement packet to a congestion window value;
  - selecting the lesser of the receive window value and congestion window value; and
  - transmitting an amount of data toward the wireless link based on the selected value.
  
3. The method as in claim 1 wherein the receive window value comprises a number of packets.
  
4. The method as in claim 3 wherein the number of packets is substantially within the range of 1 kilobyte to 64 kilobytes.
  
5. A method for maximizing the throughput of TCP/IP data comprising the steps of:
  - determining whether a data buffer is substantially close to empty;
  - determining whether delay and rate variances have substantially changed; and
  - storing one or more ACKs when said buffer is not substantially close to empty or when said variances have not substantially changed.

6. The method as in claim 5 further comprising  
modifying a receive window value of an ACK packet when said buffer is  
substantially close to empty or when said variances have substantially changed; and  
transmitting a modified ACK packet containing the modified receive window  
value to a source of TCP/IP data when said buffer is substantially close to empty or  
when said variances have substantially changed.

7. A system for maximizing the throughput of Transmission Control  
Protocol/Internet Protocol (“TCP/IP”) data comprising a radio network controller  
(RNC) operable to:

estimate delay and rate variances associated with at least one wireless link;  
modify a receive window value of an acknowledgment packet; and  
transmit a modified acknowledgment packet containing the modified receive  
window value to a source of TCP/IP data.

8. The system as in claim 7 further comprising a data source operable to:  
receive the modified acknowledgement packet;  
compare the receive window value within the modified acknowledgement  
packet to a congestion window value;  
select the lesser of the receive window value and congestion window value;  
and  
transmit an amount of data toward the wireless link based on the selected  
value.

9. The system as in claim 7 wherein the receive window value comprises  
a number of packets.

10. The system as in claim 9 wherein the number of packets is  
substantially within the range of 1 kilobyte to 64 kilobytes.

11. A device for maximizing the throughput of TCP/IP data operable to:  
determine whether a data buffer is substantially close to empty;  
determine whether delay and rate variances have substantially changed; and

store one or more ACKs when said buffer is not substantially close to empty or when said variances have not substantially changed.

12. The device as in claim 11 further operable to:
  - modify a receive window value of an ACK packet when said buffer is substantially close to empty or when said variances have substantially changed; and
  - transmit a modified ACK packet containing the modified receive window value to a source of TCP/IP data when said buffer is substantially close to empty or when said variances have substantially changed.